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APPLICATION NO.	I	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	1	
10/514,420		11/15/2004	Stijn Vancompernolle	016782-0319	4358	_	
22428	7590	04/11/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER		
FOLEY A	ND LAR	DNER LLP	HURLEY, SHA'UN R				
SUITE 500						_	
3000 K STI	REET NW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
WASHING	TON, DO	20007	3765		_		

DATE MAILED: 04/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/514,420	VANCOMPERNOLLE E	ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Shaun R. Hurley	3765					
,	The MAILING DATE of this communication a			5				
Period fo	r Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri- re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state eply received by the Office later than three months after the ma- ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a nd will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI ute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this commun BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18	January 2005.						
•	·	nis action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the mer	its is				
	closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.[	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims							
-	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application	on.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🛛	The specification is objected to by the Exam	ner.		;				
•	The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 January 2005</u> is/a		bjected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t	ne drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-15	52.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	· ·				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bur		Lancai, and					
- 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a l	st of the certified copies no	: received.					
			•					
Attachmen		<b>"</b> □	O					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ∐ Interview _ Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date					
3) 🛛 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/r r No(s)/Mail Date <u>04/16/05</u> : 11/15/04	5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	)				

Application/Control Number: 10/514,420

Art Unit: 3765

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Page 2

### Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 1, 2, 14, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear what Applicant is attempting to claim. How is the ordinarily skilled artisan to know the strength of an identical strand?

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 10/514,420

Art Unit: 3765

5. Claims 1-5, 8, 14, 15, 17, and 19, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shurman (5009902).

Shurman teaches a metal strand for use in tires (abstract) comprising at least two metal filaments (side by side), at least one being interrupted providing one filament end in an interruption zone, wherein the filament end is fixed to the uninterrupted filaments of the strand using soldering (Column 5, lines 46-50). The fixing agent inherently providing a force at rupture of 50% and elongation at rupture of 80% of the properties afforded by the metal strand.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 6, 7, 9-13, 16, and 20-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shurman (5099902).

Shurman essentially teaches the invention as discussed above, but fails to specifically teach steel filaments. He does in his specification, however, teach that such metal filaments are well known (Background). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to utilize steel filaments in the strand of Shurman, so as to provide a workable metal filament at a reasonable cost. The ordinarily skilled artisan would have appreciated these benefits and would have known to use steel. Likewise, the ordinarily skilled artisan would have known to solder the steel in a smooth manner, maintaining filament diameter and thus allowing for easier future use, by avoiding bumps and raised areas, and would provide a

Art Unit: 3765

lay length of 2.5 times the length, so as to ensure proper frictional strength against the remaining filaments. Those filament diameters, less than .25 mm, are well known in the reinforcing cord art. In terms of use, the strand as taught by Shurman could be used in many different uses, such as belts, ropes, and cables.

## **Double Patenting**

8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

9. Claims 1-19 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 5-17, and 19-25 of copending Application No. 10/521409. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because each teaches a metal cord having at least one strand welded with minimum strength requirements.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Application/Control Number: 10/514,420 Page 5

Art Unit: 3765

### Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Krafft (4709542), Kelly (5337548), and Brown et al (6780096) all teach what is well

known in the art.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Shaun R. Hurley whose telephone number is (571) 272-4986.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri, 6:30 am - 3:00 pm, off second Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John J. Calvert can be reached on (571) 272-4983. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SRH

22 March 2006

Shaun R Hurley
Patent Examiner

Tech Center 3700